



U.S. Department of Transportation

COMPETENT AUTHORITY CERTIFICATION FOR A TYPE B(U)F FISSILE

RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS PACKAGE DESIGN CERTIFICATE USA/0835/B(U)F-96, REVISION 0

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

REVALIDATION OF JAPANESE COMPETENT AUTHORITY CERTIFICATE J/170/B(U)F-96

The Competent Authority of the United States certifies that the radioactive material package design described in this certificate satisfies the regulatory requirements for a Type B(U)F package as prescribed in the regulations of the International Atomic Energy Agency¹ and the United States of America² The package design is approved for use within the United States for import and export shipments made in accordance with applicable international and domestic transport regulations.

- 1. Package Identification JRF-90Y-950K.
- 2. Package Description and Authorized Radioactive Contents as described in Japanese Certificate of Competent Authority J/170/B(U)F-96, Revision 3 (attached).
- 3. <u>Criticality</u> The minimum criticality safety index is 0. There is no restriction on the number of packages per conveyance.
- 4. General Conditions
 - a. Each user of this certificate must have in his possession a copy of this certificate and all documents necessary to properly prepare the package for transportation. The user shall prepare the package for shipment in accordance with the documentation and applicable regulations.
 - b. Each user of this certificate, other than the original petitioner, shall register his identity in writing to the Office of Engineering and Research, (PHH-23), Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, Washington D.C. 20590-0001.

 1 "Regulations for the Safe Transport of Radioactive Material, 2012 Edition, No. SSR-6" published by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), Vienna, Austria.

 $^{^2}$ Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 100-199, United States of America.

CERTIFICATE USA/0835/B(U)F-96, REVISION 0

- c. This certificate does not relieve any consignor or carrier from compliance with any requirement of the Government of any country through or into which the package is to be transported.
- d. Records of Management System activities required by Paragraph 306 of the IAEA regulations¹ shall be maintained and made available to the authorized officials for at least three years after the last shipment authorized by this certificate. Consignors in the United States exporting shipments under this certificate shall satisfy the applicable requirements of Subpart H of 10 CFR 71.
- 5. Marking and Labeling The package shall bear the marking USA/0835/B(U)F-96 in addition to other required markings and labeling.
- 6. Expiration Date This certificate expires on April 26, 2025.

This certificate is issued in accordance with paragraph(s) 810 and 816 of the IAEA Regulations and Section 173.472 and 173.473 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, in response to the September 22, 2020 petition by Orano NCS GmbH, Hanau, Hesse, GERMANY, and in consideration of other information on file in this Office.

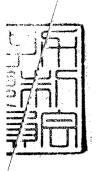
Certified By:

William Schoonover

William Schoonover
Associate Administrator for Hazardous
Materials Safety

May 03, 2022 (DATE)

Revision 0 - Issued to revalidate Japanese Certificate of Competent Authority J/170/B(U) F-96 (Rev. 3), dated June 23, 2020.



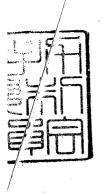
IDENTIFICATION MARK J/170/B(U)F-96 (Rev. 3)

COMPETENT AUTHORITY OF JAPAN

CERTIFICATE FOR APPROVAL OF PACKAGE DESIGN FOR THE TRANSPORT OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

ISSUED BY

NUCLEAR REGULATION AUTHORITY 1-9-9, ROPPONGI MINATO-KU TOKYO, JAPAN



CERTIFICATE FOR APPROVAL OF PACKAGE DESIGN FOR THE TRANSPORT OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

This is to certify, in response to the application by KYOTO UNIVERSITY, that the package design described herein complies with the design requirements for a package containing fresh fuel elements and low irradiated fuel elements in research reactors, specified in the 2012 Edition of the Regulations for the Safe Transport of Radioactive Material (International Atomic Energy Agency, Safety Standards Series No.SSR-6) and the Japanese rules based on the Act on Regulation of Nuclear Source Material, Nuclear Fuel Material and Reactors.

This certificate does not relieve the consignor from compliance with any requirement of the government of any country through or into which the package will be transported.

COMPETENT AUTHORITY

IDENTIFICATION MARK: J/170/B(U)F-96 (Rev. 3)

Jun 23 2020.

Date

Hasegawa Kiyomitsu

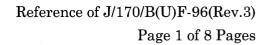
 $\label{eq:Director} \mbox{Director, Division of Licensing for}$

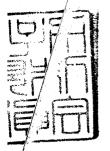
Nuclear Fuel Facilities

Secretariat of Nuclear Regulation Authority

Competent Authority of JAPAN

for Package Design Approval





1. The Competent Authority Identification Mark: J/170/B(U)F-96(Rev. 3)

2. Name of Package

: JRF-90Y-950K

3. Type of Package

: Type B(U) package for fissile material

4. Specification of Package

(1) Materials of Packaging

(a) Main Body

: Stainless steel, Balsa wood and

Hard polyurethane foam

(b) Outer lid

: Stainless steel, Balsa wood and

Hard polyurethane foam

(c) Inner lid

: Stainless steel and Silicone rubber

(d) Fuel Basket

: Stainless steel and Silicone rubber

(2) Total weight of Packaging

: Approximately 860 kg

(3) Outer Dimensions of Packaging

(i) Outer Diameter

: Approximately 840 mm

(ii) Length

: Approximately 1,800 mm

(4) Total Weight of Package

: 950 kg or less

(5) Illustration of Package

: See the attached Figure-1

(Bird's-eye View)

5. Specification of Radioactive Contents

: See the attached Table-1, 2, 3 and 4

6. Description of Containment System

Containment system consists of the inner shell and the inner lid (made of the stainless steel). O-ring made of silicone rubber is used for the contact surface between inner shell and inner lid.

7. For Package containing Fissile Materials

(1) Restrictions on Package

(i) Restriction Number "N"

: No restriction

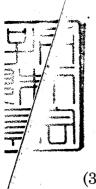
(ii) Array of Package

: No restriction

(iii) Criticality Safety Index (CSI)

: 0

(2) Description of Confinement System



Confinement system consists of the basket which maintains the fuel elements contained in the package.

- (3) Assumptions of Leakage of Water into Package

 It is assumed in criticality analysis that water will leak into void space of inner shell.
- (4) Special Features in Criticality Assessment Not applicable
- 8. For Type B (M) Packages, a statement regarding prescriptions of Type B (U)
 Package that do not apply to this Package
 Not applicable (This package is Type B(U))
- 9. Assumed Ambient Conditions

(i) Ambient Temperature Range

: -40°C~38°C

(ii) Insolation Data

: Table 12 of IAEA Regulation

- 10. Handling, Inspection and Maintenance
 - (1) Handling Instructions
 - (i) Package should be handled carefully in accordance with the schedule and procedures established properly taking all possible safety measures.
 - (ii) Package should be handled using appropriate lifting devices and the crane.
 - (iii) When packaging is stored outdoors, it should be coverd with an appropriate waterproof sheet, avoiding the situation where it is placed directly on the ground.
 - (2) Inspections and Maintenance of Packaging
 The following inspections should be performed

The following inspections should be performed not less than once a year (once for every ten times in a case where the packaging is used not less than ten times a year) and defect of packaging should be repaired, if any, in order to maintain the integrity of packaging.

- (i) Visual Appearance Inspection
- (ii) Pressure Durability Inspection
- (iii) Maintenance of O-ring Used for Containment System
- (iv) Leakage Rate Measurement Inspection
- (v) Subcriticality Inspection
- (vi) Lifting Inspection
- (3) Actions prior to Shipment

The following inspections should be performed prior to shipment.

(i) Visual Appearance Inspection



- (ii) Lifting Inspection
- (iii) Weight Measurement Inspection
- (iv) Surface Cointamination Measurement Inspection
- (v) Radiation Dose rate Inspection
- (vi) Subcriticality Inspection
- (vii) Contents Specification Check Inspection
- (viii) Leakage Rate Measurement Inspection
- (4) Precautions for Loading of Package for Shipment
 Package should be securely loaded to the conveyance at the designated tie-down
 portion of the package so as not to move, roll down or fall down from the loading
 position during transport.

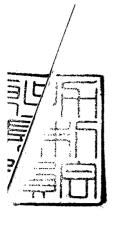
11. Issue Date and Expiry Date

(i) Issue Date

: April 27, 2020

(ii) Expiry Date

: April 26, 2025



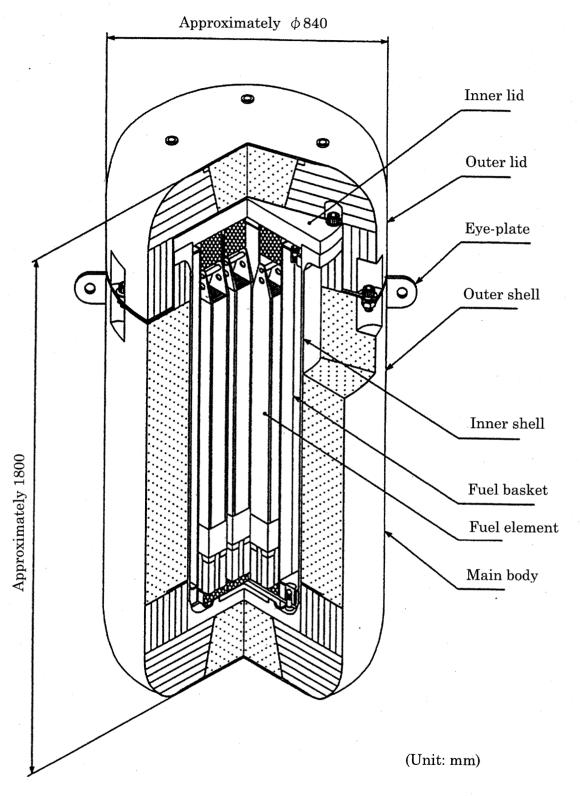


Figure-1 Illustration of JRF-90Y-950K package (Bird's-eye view)

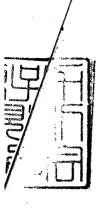


Table-1 Specification of Contents (Fresh Fuel Element)

	Reactor	KUR (KUR (Kyoto University Research reactor)	eactor)
	Fuel Element	KUR	KUR	KUR
2		Standard Fuel Element	Special Fuel Element	Half-loaded Fuel Element
Number o	Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)		10 or less	
	Fuel Type		LEU fuel	
V .	Materials of Nuclear Fuel	Uraniur	Uranium-silicon -aluminum dispersion alloy	ion alloy
	²³⁵ U weight (g or less/package)	2,180	1,090	1,090
	U weight (g or less/package)	11,150	5,580	5,580
Weight	$^{235} m U$ weight (g or less/element)	218	109	109
	U weight (g or less/element)	1,115	558	558
	Enrichment (wt% or less)		19.95	
	Total (GBq or less/package)		29.8	
Activity of			234U : 28.6	
Contents	Principal Radionuclide		$^{235}\mathrm{U}$: 0.38	
	(GBq or less/package)		$^{236}\mathrm{U}$: 0.59	
			$^{238}\mathrm{U}$: 0.24	
	Physical State		Solid	
	Burn-up (% or less)		0 (Fresh Fuel)	
To	Total Heat Generation Rate			
	(W or less/package)		0 (Fresh Fuel)	
	Cooling Time (days)		0 (Fresh Fuel)	

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

- The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.

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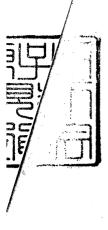


Table-2 Specification of Contents (Fresh Fuel Element)

						_					Ke:	tere	ence	of J/	170
	JMTR fuel followers	,	LEU fuel	Jranium-silicon - aluminum dispersion alloy	2,800	14,330	280	1,433	19.95						
JMTR	ard fuel nt		LEU	Uranium-silicon aluminum dispersion alloy	4,250	21,740	425	2,174	19.		·				
	JMTR standard fuel element		MEU fuel	Uranium- aluminum dispersion alloy	3,200	7,280	320	728	46.0						
	JRR-4 type fuel element	less	U fuel	Uranium-silicon - aluminum dispersion alloy	2,100	10,750	210	1,075	19.95	80	28.6 0.38 0.59 0.24	p	Fuel)	Fuel)	Fuel)
JRR-4	JRR-4L type fuel element	10 or less	TEU	Uranium- aluminum dispersion alloy	2,300	11,770	230	1,177		29.8	234U : 235U : 236U : 238U :	Solid	0 (Fresh Fuel)	0 (Fresh Fuel)	0 (Fresh Fuel)
	JRR-4B type fuel element		HEU fuel	Uranium - aluminum alloy	1,700	1,830	170	183	93.3						
JRR-3	JRR-3 follower type fuel element		LEU fuel	Uranium-silicon - aluminum dispersion alloy	3,100	15,860	310	1,586	19.95		,				
If	JRR-3 standard fuel element		LE	Uraniun aluminun a	4,850	24,810	485	2,481	16						
Reactor	Fuel Element	Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)	Fuel Type	Materials of Nuclear Fuel	235U weight (g or less/package)	U weight (g or less/package)	235U weight (g or less/element)	U weight (g or less/element)	Enrichment (wt% or less)	Total (GBq or ess/package)	Principal Radionuclide (GBq or less/package)	Physical State	Burn-up (% or less)	Total Heat Generation Rate (W or less/package)	Cooling Time (days)
		Num] (e		Mate		VV.: ~ 1	Meign			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Activity of Contents			Total I	ညိ

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the

same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

- The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.

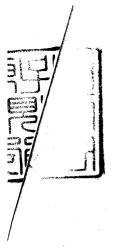


Table-3 Specification of Contents (Low Irradiated Fuel Element)

	Reactor			JMTRC			
	Fuel Element	JMTRC Standard	JMTRC Special	JMTRC Follower	JMTRC Standard	JMTRC Special	JMTRC Follower
Ŋ	Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)			10 or less	Ø		
·	Fuel Type		HEU fuel			MEU fuel	
M	Materials of Nuclear Fuel	Urar	Uranium-aluminum alloy	oy	Uranium-al	Uranium-aluminum dispersion alloy	persion alloy
	235U weight (g or less/package)	2,8	2,850	1,990	3,170	2,860	2,100
1170:001	${ m U}$ weight (g or less/package)	3,1	3,180	2,220	7,210	6,500	4,780
weignt	$^{235}{ m U}$ weight (g or less/element)	38	285	199	317	286	210
	${ m U}$ weight ${ m (g\ or\ less/element)}$	60	318	222	721	650	478
Ē	Enrichment (wt% or less)		0.06			46.0	
	Total (GBq or ess/package)			17.3			
Activity of Contents	Principal Radionuclide (GBq or less/package)		4. 2	234U 235U 236U 238U Others	16.2 0.25 0.29 0.05 0.52		
	Physical State			Solid			
	Burn-up (% or less)		7.23×10^{-5}			1.76×10-5	
Tot	Total Heat Generation Rate (W or less/package)		4.30×10·5			3.29×10-5	
	Cooling Time (days)		5,475 or more			1,460 or more	e

- Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the

same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

⁻ The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.

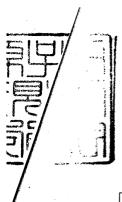


Table-4 Specification of Contents (Fresh Fuel Element)

,	Reactor Fuel Element	KUCA (Kyoto Univers	KUCA (Kyoto University Critical Assembly) Coupon
Z	Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)	$1,200 ext{ or less}$	300 or less
	Fuel Type	TEU	LEU Fuel
	Materials of Nuclear Fuel	Uranium-molybdenum - aluminum dispersion alloy	Uranium-silicon - aluminum dispersion alloy
	235U weight (g or less/package)	4,800	4,500
	U weight (g or less/package)	24,600	23,400
	$^{235} m U$ weight (g or less/element)	4	15
	U weight (g or less/element)	20.5	78
E	Enrichment (wt% or less)	19	19.95
	Total (GBq or less/package)	15	15.5
Activity of	Principal Radionuclide	234U 235U	. 14.5 . 0.38
	(GBq or less/package)	236U 238U	: 0.27 : 0.24
	Physical State	So	Solid
	Burn-up (% or less)	0 (Fres	0 (Fresh Fuel)
Tot	Total Heat Generation Rate	O (Front	O (Receip Briol)
-	(W or less/package)		יון ד. מבו
	Cooling Time (days)	0 (Fres	0 (Fresh Fuel)

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

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Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: USA/0835/B(U)F-96

ORIGINAL REGISTRANT(S):

Orano NCS GmbH Margarete-von-Wrangell-Straße 7 Hanau, Hesse, 63457 Germany